## LIMITED ATONEMENT

I. Passages Used To Teach Limited Atonement

John 10:14-15 "I lay down my life for the sheep"

Vs 16 refers to Gentiles, therefore, all the

Elect are included.

John 15:13 "Lay down His life for His friends"

John 17:2,6,9,20,24 He gives eternal life to as many as are given

Him vs 2

(passage does not deal with Who He died for, but rather, His relationship with His elect)

Romans 4:25 "our transgressions...our justification"

Ephesians 1:3-7 "we" the elect vs3-6, have redemption (redemption involves being bought <u>and removed?</u> from the market-place of sin.)

Ephesians 5:25-27 "Christ also loved the church and gave

Himself up for her."

## NOTE:

1) Is it possible that there is a difference between the <u>fact</u> of His death and the <u>motive</u> of His death?

If this is so:

- He died for all men with a view to securing His elect
- Christ had 2 purposes:
  - a) to pay the ransom price for the world
  - b) to secure His body and bride
    - There is a consequence for both
      - a) the elect are secured
      - b) the lost are without excuse
- 2) If we limit these passages to the elect because of literal interpretation, Could we not also argue the following limitations:

• John 11:51 Jesus died for Israel only

• Galatians 2:20 Jesus died for the Apostle Paul only

• Luke 22:31-32 Jesus restricted His prayers to Peter Only

## II. Passages Which Indicate Christ's Death Was For The World

John 3:16

2 Corinthians 5:19

Hebrews 2:9

1 John 2:2

By Definition: the "World" is defined as:

John 15:18-19

John 17:16

1 John 5:19

Passages which use the word "all". Does "all" refer to the elect or to the "World"?

2 Corinthians 5:14

1 Timothy 2:6; 4:10

Titus 2:11

Romans 5:6 "the ungodly" equals "all"

"Whosoever" is used 110 times in the New Testament. It appears that in every case it is used in an unrestricted sense.

John 3:16

Acts 10:43

Revelations 22:17

2 Peter 2:1 needs to be explained!